

Observations on @ 'Our NHS Our Future' – the Darzi report

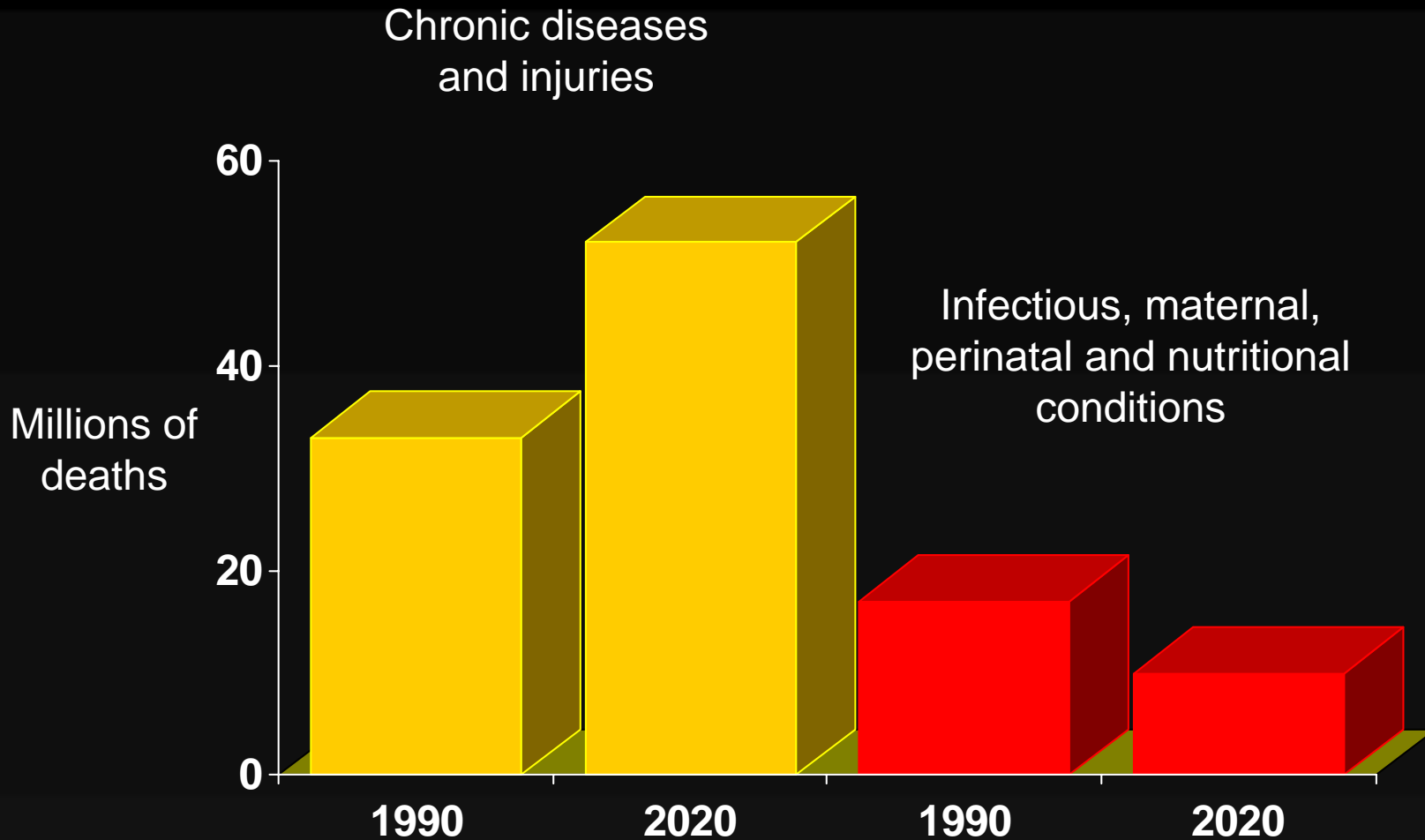
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What does Darzi feel are priorities for primary care in the NHS?

- ◆ Better Access
- ◆ Tackling inequalities
- ◆ More Choice

Changing patterns of death worldwide: 1990-2020



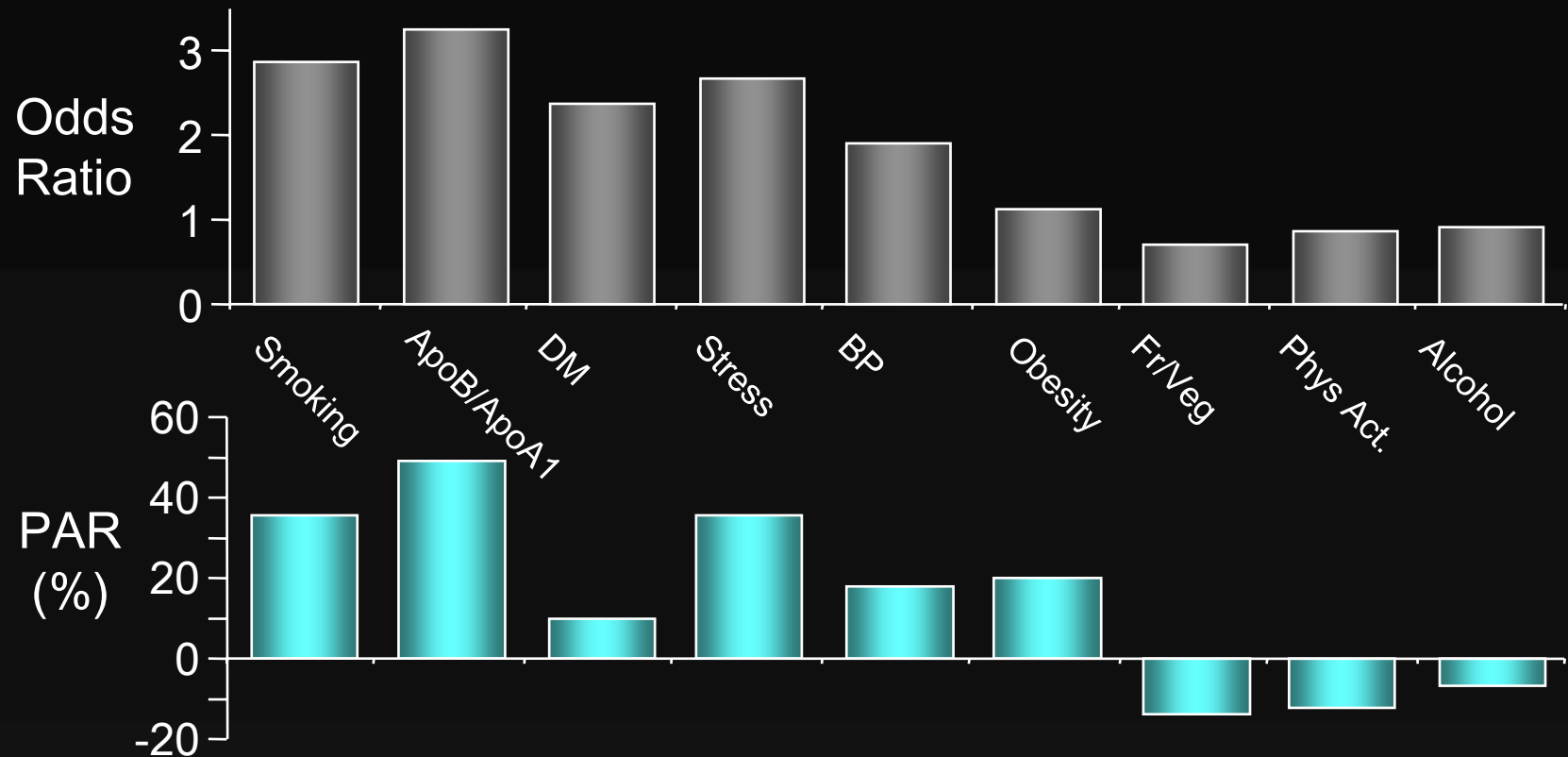
Leading causes of death and disability (*disability adjusted life years*)

1990			2020		
Rank	Cause	%	Rank	Cause	%
1	Lower respiratory infections	8.2	1	Ischaemic heart disease	5.9
2	Diarrhoeal diseases	7.2	2	Major depression	5.7
3	Perinatal conditions	6.7	3	Road traffic accidents	5.1
4	Major depression	3.7	4	Cerebrovascular disease	4.4
5	Ischaemic heart disease	3.4	5	COPD	4.2
6	Cerebrovascular disease	2.8	6	Lower respiratory infections	3.1
7	Tuberculosis	2.8	7	Tuberculosis	3.0
8	Measles	2.7	8	War	3.0
9	Road traffic accidents	2.5	9	Diarrhoeal diseases	2.7
10	Congenital abnormalities	2.4	10	HIV	2.6

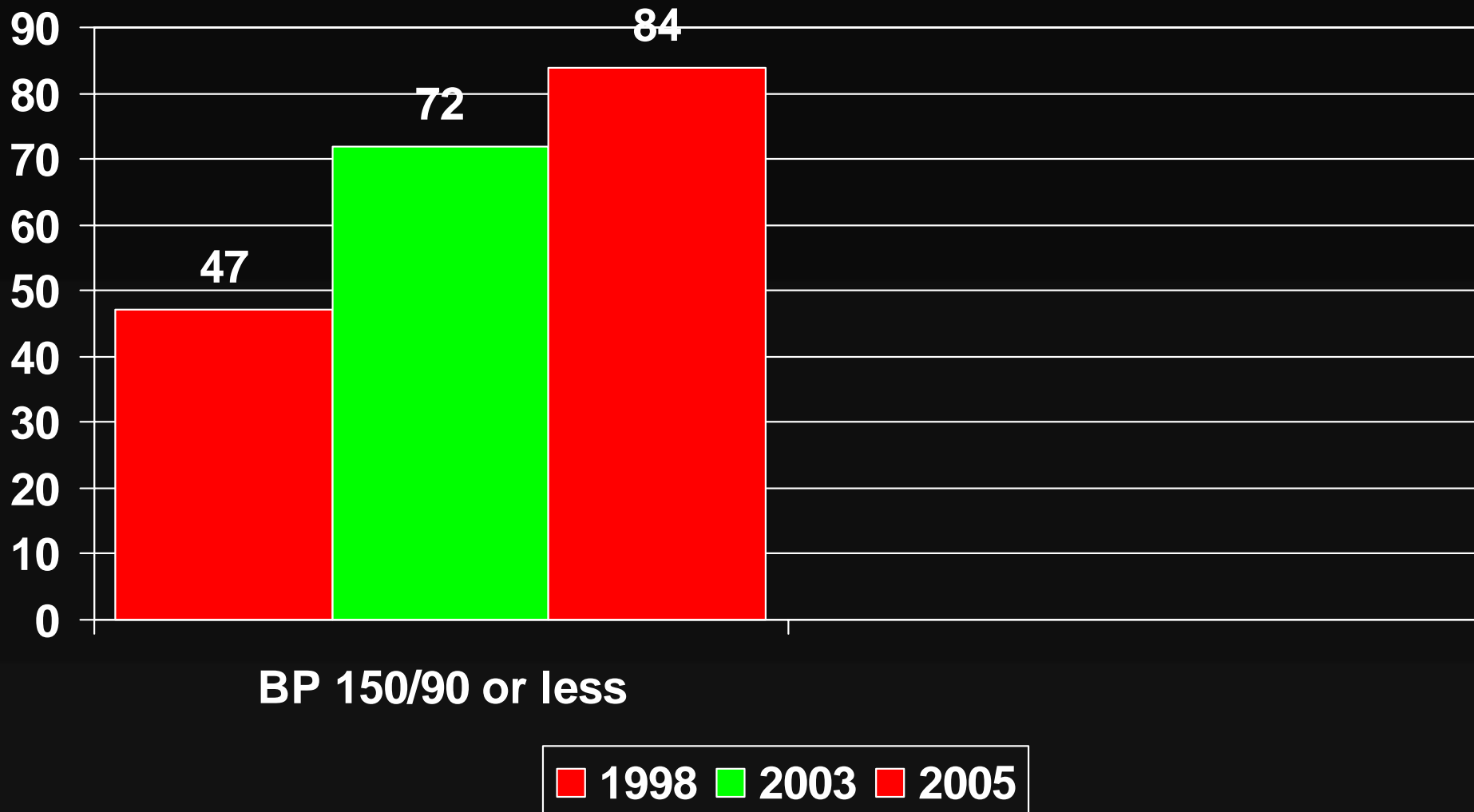
Potentially Modifiable Risk Factors and MI : INTERHEART Study

15152 Cases 14820 Controls in 262 Centres in 52 Countries on 6 Continents

9 RFs accounted for 90% of MI in men and 94% in women

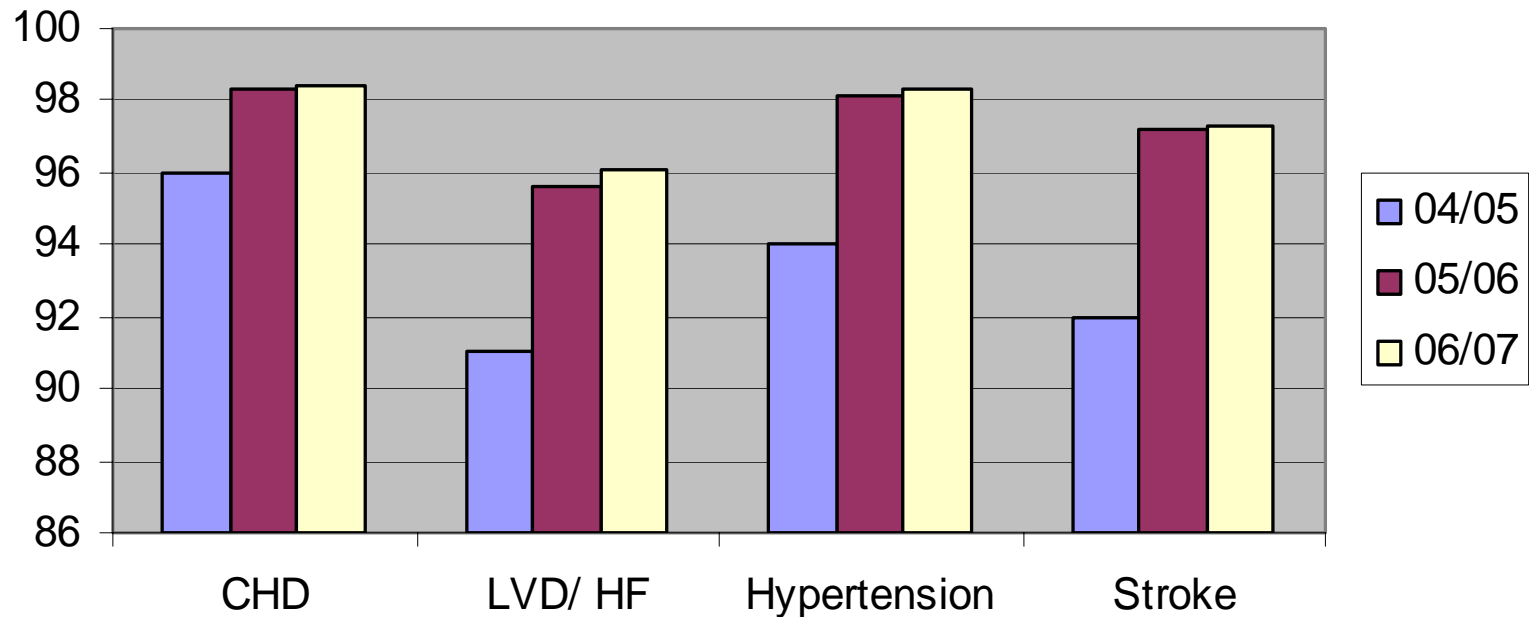


Changes in Management of Coronary Heart Disease 1998-2003-2005



Comparison of QOF achievement across cardiovascular domains

Total points achieved as % of points available
(England, cardiovascular domain)



QOF HF tougher thresholds for payments

Payment stages in 2004/05 & 2005/06:

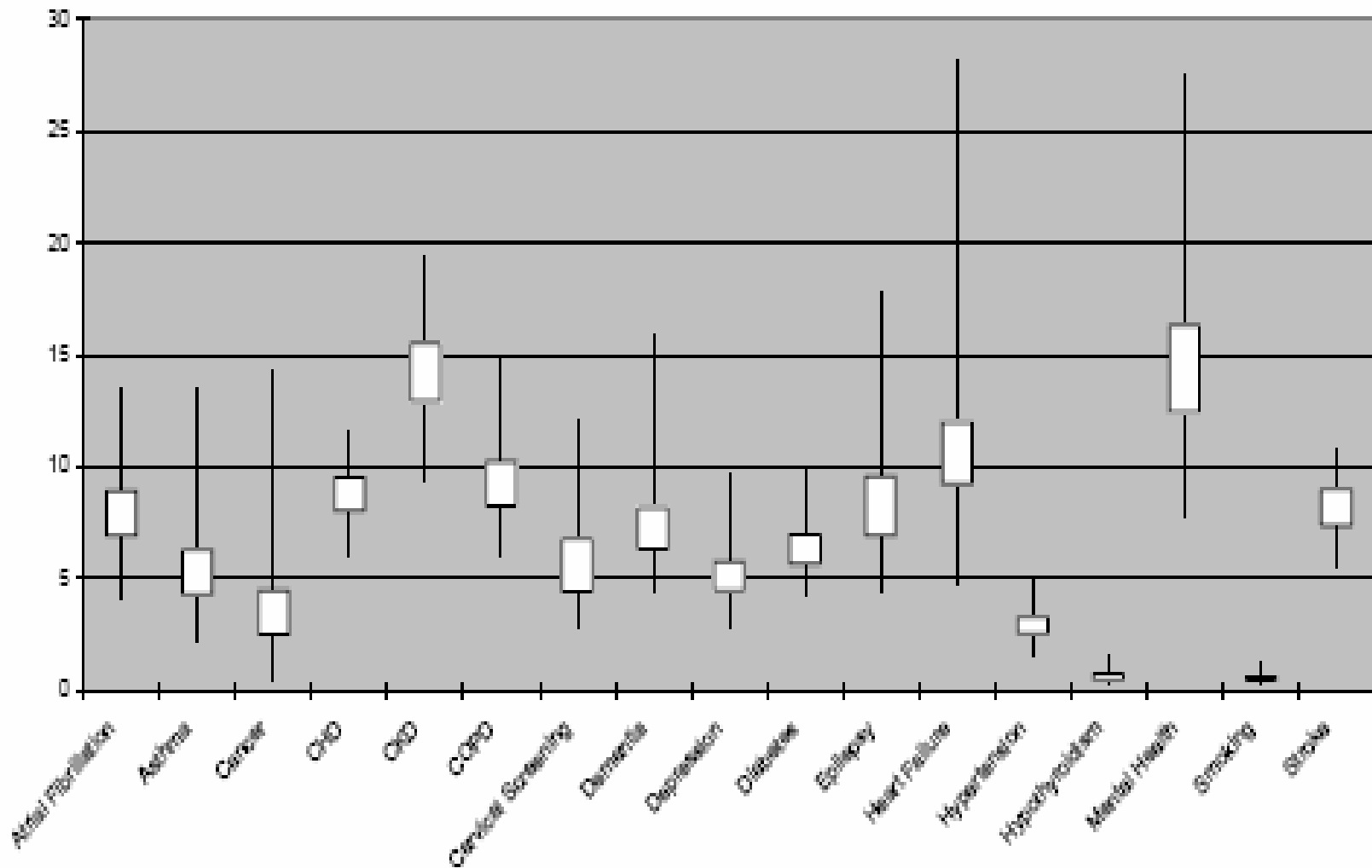
LVD2 and LVD3: 25-90%

Payment stages in 2006/07:

HF2 – 40-90%

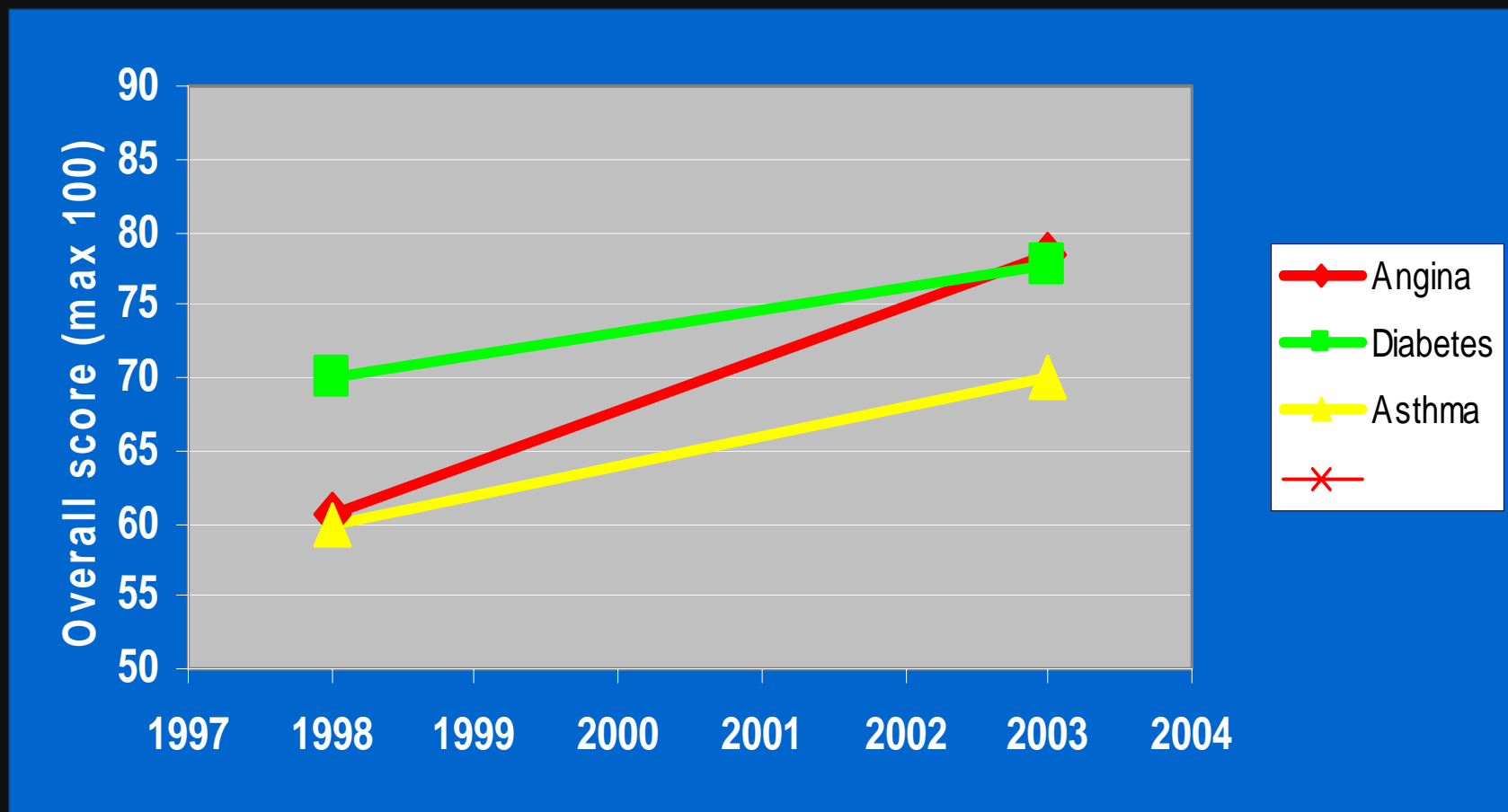
HF3 – 40-80%

Effective Exception Rates by PCT

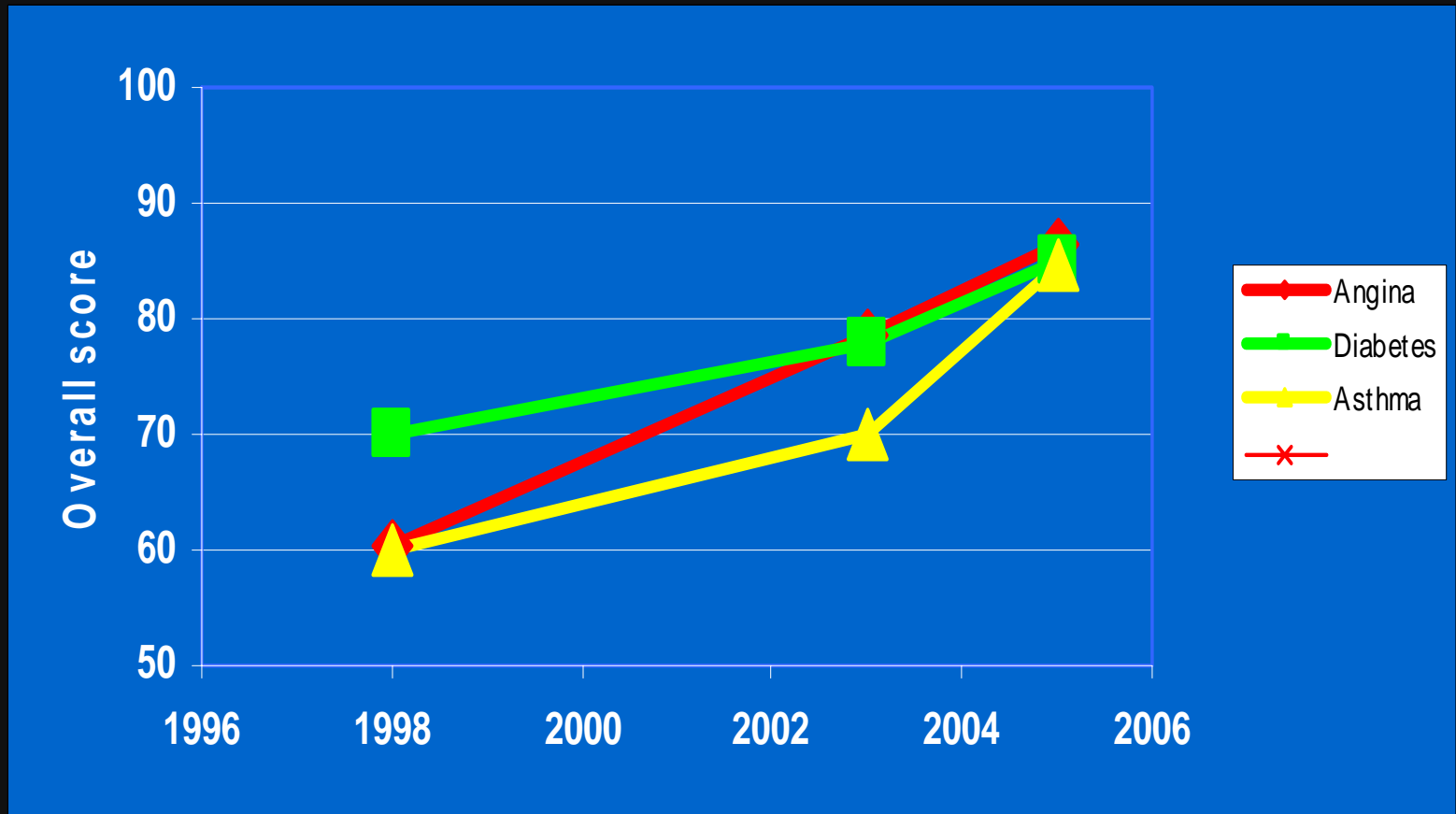


(Shows minimum, maximum and inter-quartile range)

Quality of chronic disease care in the UK between 1998 and 2003

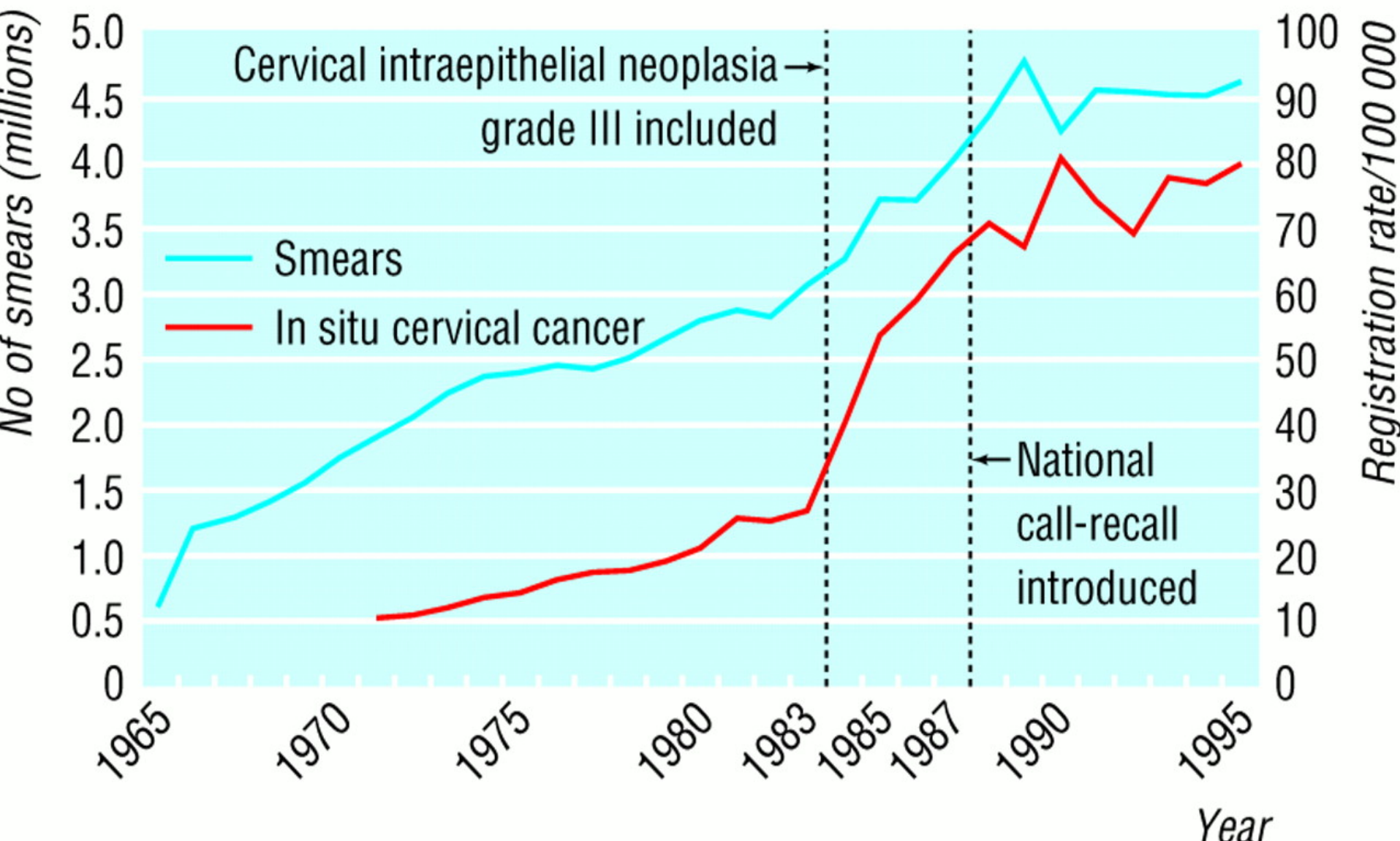


Quality of care between 2003 and 2005, following the introduction of QOF financial incentives

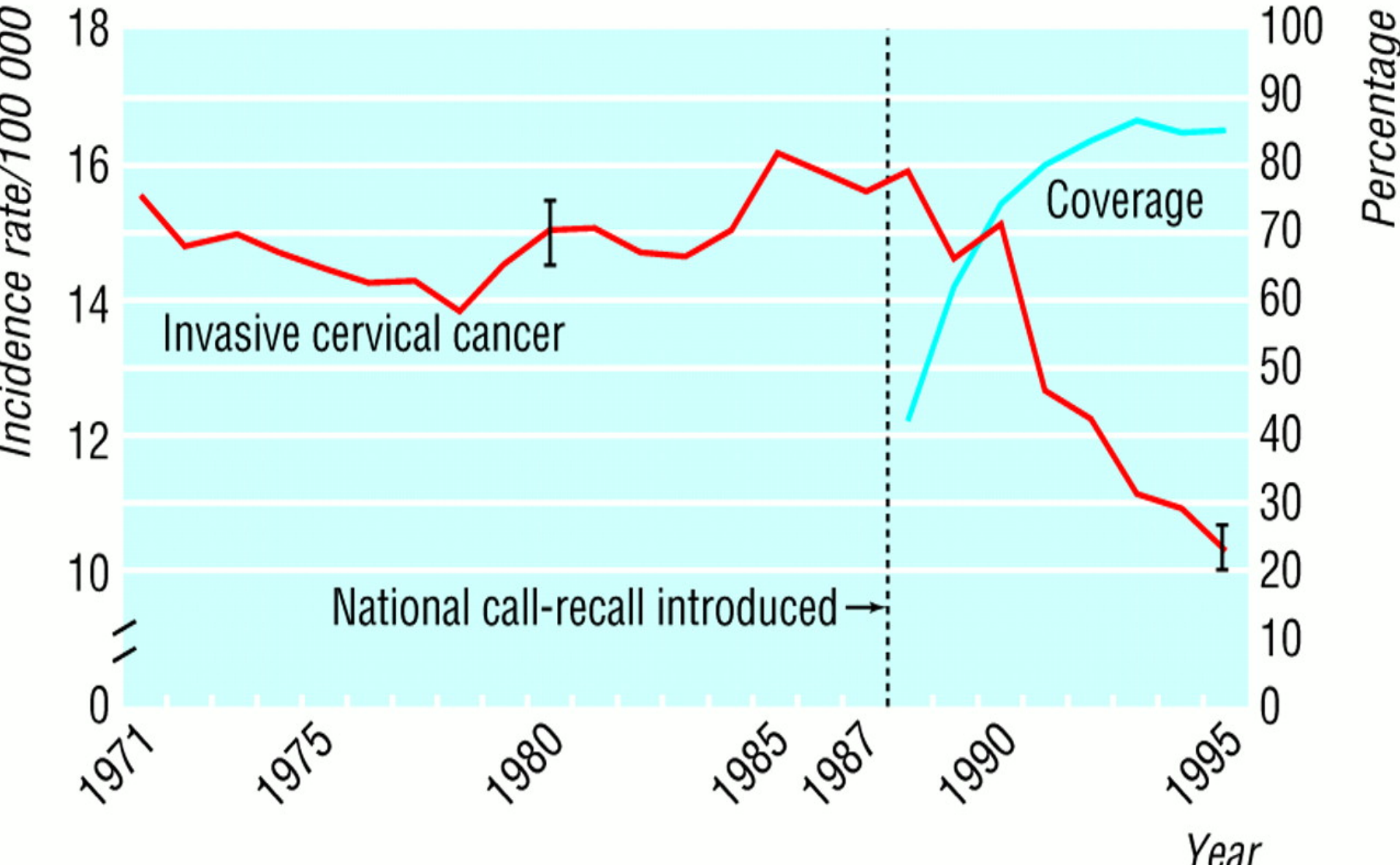


Campbell et al. Improvements in clinical quality in English primary care before and after the introduction of a performance scheme. (New England Journal of Medicine, in p

Number of cervical smears & directly age standardised rate of in situ cervical cancer, England, 1965-95



Age standardised incidence of invasive cervical cancer & coverage of screening, England, 1971-95



What does Darzi feel are priorities for primary care in the NHS?

◆ Access'

'Our primary care system coordinates care for patients in a way few other countries match

- 150 new GP-led health centres in areas of low GP/patient ratios
- Half of all GPs will open at weekends or on one or two evenings a week
- Increased proportion of NHS payments made to GP practices will be linked to 'success in attracting patients'
- More ability to make appointments beyond 48 hours

◆ Choice

- Enable patients to switch GPs more easily
- Open GP services to voluntary sector and private providers. No need to register with some providers

'Our registered GP list system is renowned internationally'

What does Darzi feel are priorities for hospitals?

- ◆ More personal care in hospitals
 - Privacy
 - Dignity
 - Elderly
- ◆ Safety
 - MRSA & C Difficile
- ◆ Training of staff